

**Errata and comments to the book “Representations of Lie groups and special functions, Vols. 1,2,3” by N. Ja. Vilenkin and A. U. Klimyk (Kluwer, 1991, 1993, 1992)**

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**Volume 1**

title page: interchange addresses of the two authors

pp. xviii, 549, 550, 605: replace “Eberlane” by “Eberlein”

p.xix, l.–18: replace “lead” by “led”

p.xxi, l.7,8: replace “Gordon” by “Gordan”

p.1, l.8: replace “different” by “differential”

p.3, l.8: These coordinate surfaces are not always symmetric spaces

p.12, l.18: add  $e \circ x = x$

p.13, l.9: replace 1.0.9 by 1.0.10

p.15, l.5: replace “differentiation” by “derivation”

p.17, l.2: replace  $(Ax)(y)$  by  $(Ay)(x)$ .

p.17, l.–11: replace “homomorphism” by “anti-homomorphism”

p.28, l.14: replace “measureable” by “measurable”

p.29, l.–15: replace  $(\phi, \psi)_+ k$  by  $(\phi, \psi)_k$

p.29, l.–13: replace “countable-Hilbert” by “countably Hilbert”

p.35, formula (1): replace  $\mathbf{x}$  by  $\mathbf{z}$

p.39, l.5: replace  $\mathbf{a}$  by  $\mathbf{A}$

p.42, l.4: replace “preserve all of a Lie algebra” by “are Lie algebra homomorphisms”

p.42, l.10: replace “form” by “forms”

p.42, l.11: replace “of real” by “of the real”

p.42, l.–14: replace “the” by “a”

p.42, l.–10: Replace “In” by “For”

**p.68, l.18:** Continuity of a representation in the operator topology (as in the definition given here) is usually too strong, for instance in Example 6 at p.69. Better write after “implies”:  $\lim \|T(g_n)v - T(g)v\| = 0$  for all  $v \in \mathcal{L}$ .

p.70, l.7: replace  $\delta$ ; by  $\delta$

p.75, middle of page; p.607: replace “Gärding” or “Garding” by “Gårding”

p.81, l.10: For closed subspaces one needs a topology on  $\mathcal{L}$  (a Banach or Hilbert space?)

p.95, l.2: What kind of group is  $G$ ? (locally compact or Lie?)

p.95, l.–13: replace  $g$  by  $G$

p.95, l.–12: replace “to the” by “to an”

p.103, l.14: skip “called”

p.135, (4): the lower limit of the integral should be  $c_1 - i\infty$

p.139, (1): replace  $e^{-xu}$  by  $e^{-xt}$

**p.146, (3) and (4):** replace the argument  $\frac{z}{1-z}$  of  $F$  by  $\frac{z}{z-1}$

p.155, l.–6: add a factor  $z^{-\frac{1}{2}}$  to the expression defining  $D_p(z)$

p.156, (4'): add “where  $C_n^0(z) := \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow \infty} \alpha^{-1} C_n^\alpha(z)$ ”

p.264, §5.5.8, formula(1): replace  $L - n$  by  $L_n$

p.288, (1'): replace  $(-1)^{m+n}$  by  $(-1)^{(m-n)}$

p.330, l.8: replace 4.4.8 by 4.3.8

p.334, (2): insert ‘)’ before last squarfe bracket

p.337, l.1: replace the part in brackets by “with suitable replacements of  $l, m, n$ ”

p.338, l.2 of §6.7.4: replace 6.7.3 by 6.3.7

**p.338, §6.7.4, formula (3):** replace right-hand side by

$$\frac{1}{2}(n + \alpha + 1)(1 + z)P_n^{(\alpha, \beta+1)}(z) - \frac{1}{2}(n + \beta + 1)(1 - z)P_n^{(\alpha+1, \beta)}(z)$$

p.339, l.4: replace (1) by (1')

**p.339, (6):** replace this formula by

$$(n + \alpha)P_n^{(\alpha-1, \beta)}(z) + (n + \beta)P_n^{(\alpha, \beta-1)}(z) = (n + \alpha + \beta)P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(z).$$

p.350, (1): on the right-hand side replace first semicolon by comma

p.351, (6): replace  $\frac{\Gamma(\gamma+x+c)}{\Gamma(\gamma+z)}$  by  $\frac{\Gamma(\gamma+x+s)}{\Gamma(\gamma+x)}$ . The formula is much easier derived from (7) of §6.8.2, (5) of §6.3.8 and (1) of §3.5.8

p.351, (7): easier derived from (1) of §6.8.2 and (1) of §3.5.8

p.352, l.–3: replace (11) by (15)

p.376, §7.1.3, l.1: replace 6.1.4 by 6.4.1

p.465, (1): On the left-hand side replace “ $f$ ” by “ $f$ ”. Replace the right-hand side by  $e^{-t/4} f(e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} x)$ .

- p.473, (1): replace the factor  $(-1 - ix)^n$  by  $(-1 - it)^n$
- p.519, (8): replace  ${}^3F_2$  by  ${}_3F_2$
- p. 540, 1.3 of §8.4.9: replace “index  $c$ ” by “index  $\frac{1}{2}$ ”
- p.547, first line after (4): A reference to the introduction of raising factorials  $(a)_n$  on p.141 would be suitable here. A consistent use of raising factorials, also here for Hahn polynomials, would be preferable.
- p.548, (9): On the right-hand side, in front of  $Q_n$ , one should interchange  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .
- p.536, (5): on second line replace the numerator factor  $(l_1+l_2+l_3+1)$  by  $(l_1+l_2+l_3+l+1)!$ .
- p.556, (22): On the right-hand side, in the denominator replace  $(\beta + \delta)$  by  $(\beta + \delta + 1)$ . Also add that  $\lambda(x)$  on the right-hand side equals  $x(x + \gamma + \delta + 2)$ . This formula is much quicker obtained from the expression of a Racah polynomial as a  ${}_4F_3$  given in (5).
- p.583, (20): On the right-hand side replace  $\Gamma(-a - ix)$  by  $\Gamma(a + ix)$ .
- p.587, 1.-1: Replace  $l - 2$  by  $l_2$ .
- p.599–608: probably throughout in subject index, for subjects occurring in Chapters 2–8, add 1 to the given page number.

## Volume 2

- p.227, line 3 of §10.5.3: replace 10.4.3 by 10.4.2
- p.227, 1.-4: replace by “by formula (5) of Section 10.4.2”
- p.508, 1.-5: insert “the” after “then”
- p.509, (5): replace  $w_{-i+}$  by  $w_{-i-}$
- p.512, 2 lines after (6’): is an analog of  $\frac{\Gamma(a+n)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(n+1)}$
- p.512, (7’): in denominator replace  $q^{n(N-n)}$  by  $q^{nN - \frac{1}{2}n(n-1)}$
- p.512, (8): The expression  $(a; q)_{-n}$  has not been earlier defined. Write:

$$(a; q)_{-n} \equiv \frac{(a; q)_{\infty}}{(q^{-n}a; q)_{\infty}}$$

- p.512, (9): replace the right-hand side by  $\frac{(a; q)_{n(k+1)}}{(a; q)_{nk}}$ .

p.513, (14): It is unfortunate that the book does not follow the conventions for  $q$ -hypergeometric series notation of the book by Gasper & Rahman [3.71].

**p.514, 1.1:** It is not true that the series converges for all  $z$  if  $m \leq n$ .

p.514, (16): On the left-hand side insert semicolon between  $q^{-1}$  and  $z$ . It is confusing that this formula is given over base  $q^{-1}$ , while other formulas on the same page are given over base  $q$ .

p.514, (18)–(20): On the right-hand side of (20) add factor  $a^k$ . With this correction, it is formula (20) rather than (18) which is immediately implied by (17). Then (19) (rather over base  $q$ ) is obtained by combination of (20) and the formula

$${}_2\phi_1\left(\begin{matrix} q^{-n}, a \\ b \end{matrix} \middle| q; z\right) = (-1)^n q^{-\frac{1}{2}n(n+1)} \frac{(a; q)_n}{(b; q)_n} z^n {}_2\phi_1\left(\begin{matrix} q^{-n}, q^{-n+1}b^{-1} \\ q^{-n+1}a^{-1} \end{matrix} \middle| q; \frac{q^{n+1}b}{az}\right).$$

Finally (18) follows from (19) and (20). It is next promised that proofs of these formulas will be given in Volume 3. I could not find the proofs there.

p.515, 1.7: if  $0 < q < 1$

p.516, 1.8 and p.607: replace “Eberlane” by “Eberlein”

p.606: Meijer  $G$ -functions

p.607: The page numbers for the first four index items are not correct.

p.607: “Representations of”. Next “the Heisenberg group 410” should be on the next line, entabbed.

### Volume 3

p.1, (1): add: if  $a \neq q^{-n}, q^{-n-1}, \dots$

p.1, (3): on right hand side replace  $(q; q)_r$  by  $(q; q)_N$  and replace  $/4$  by  $/2$

pp.2–3, (16), (17): These formulas are not correct.

p.5, line after (2’): The condition  $|x| < 1$  is not needed in (2).

p.7, (8): In the last exponent on the right hand side replace  $+j$  by  $-j$ .

p.7, (9), (10): In fact, (10) is derived with the help of (9).

pp.8–9, (10), (5): Mention that these formulas give definitions for the expressions on their left hand sides.

p.9, (3): This also follows straight from 14.1.2 (6).

p.9, (3), second line: On the right hand side replace  $b[[a]]$  by  $b[[-a]]$  and replace  $1 - bqx$  by  $1 - bx$ .

p.12, (16): Twice replace  $x - a$  by  $qx - a$

p.12, 1.3–4: Rather say:  $[[m]]! = [[1]] [[2]] \dots [[m]]$ , where  $[[k]]$  is the same as in (3).

p.12, (1): It is unfortunate that the book does not follow the standard notation for  $q$ -exponentials as in Gasper & Rahman [3.71].

p.13, 1.5: Twice replace  $x + y$  by  $x + qy$

**p.14, (1):** The  $q$ -integral does not converge for  $0 < q < 1$

p.14, (4): An indication of the (easy) proof would have been appropriate.

p.15, (10): In fact,  $\exp(-C_q) = (q; q)_\infty$ .

p.16, (13): Observe that this formula is formula (6) of p.6, rewritten in different form.

p.17, (3),(4): These formulas should read as follows:

$$D_q\{x^a {}_2\phi_1(q^a, b; c; q, x)\} = \frac{1 - q^a}{1 - q} x^{a-1} {}_2\phi_1(q^{a+1}, b; c; q, x),$$
$$D_q\{x^{c-1} {}_2\phi_1(a, v; q^c; q, x)\} = \frac{1 - q^{c-1}}{1 - q} x^{c-2} {}_2\phi_1(a, b; q^{c-1}; q, x).$$

In some formulas on p.18, similar corrections should be made.

p.67, (1) and (2): replace in both formulas the last  ${}_3\Phi_2$  by  ${}_2\Phi_1$

p.69, l.9: replace “Aberlane” by “Eberlein”

p.81, §14.7: Common usage is “Askey-Wilson polynomials” rather than “ $q$ -Askey-Wilson polynomials”.

p.273, l.3: replace “subgroup” by “group”

p.620, references 305–308: replace “Vratore” by “Vretare”

p.622, Chapter 13: A reference to [3.71] (as given for Chapter 14) would have been natural here.