

# COMMIT/

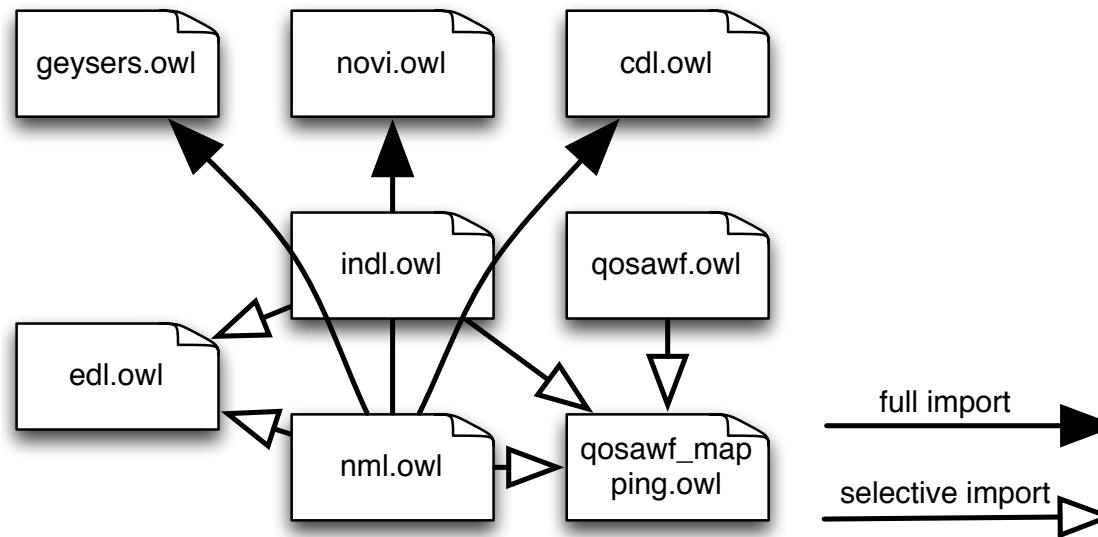
# IN DL IN USE

Dr. Paola Grosso  
System and Network Engineering research group  
University of Amsterdam



UNIVERSITY OF AMSTERDAM

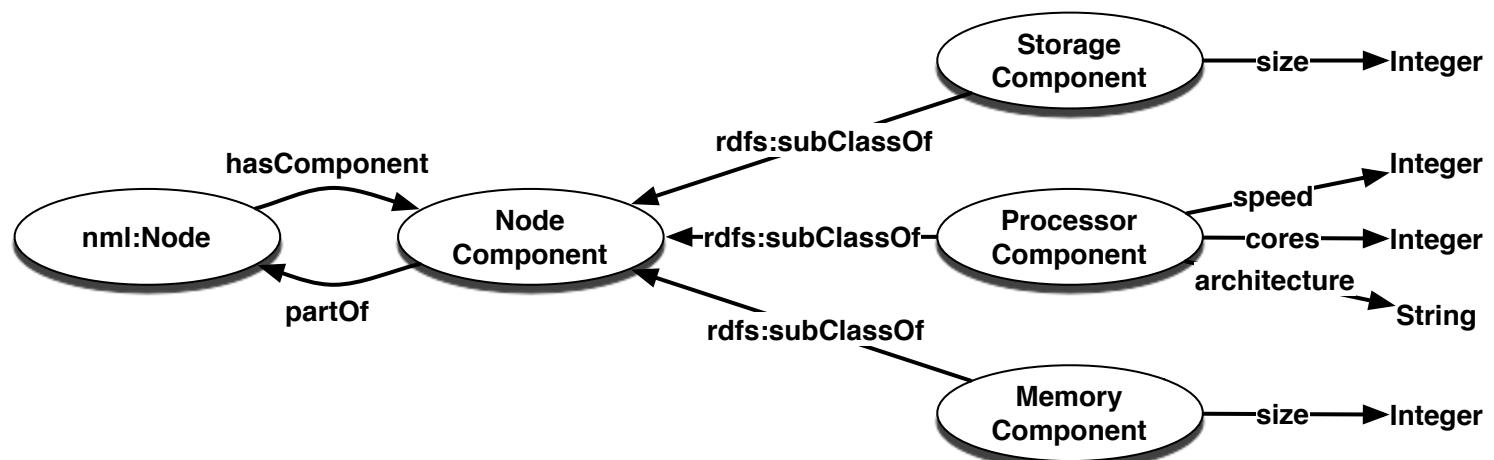
# THE INDL FAMILY OF ONTOLOGIES



INDL captures the concept of virtualization in computing infrastructures and describes the storage and computing capabilities of the resources.

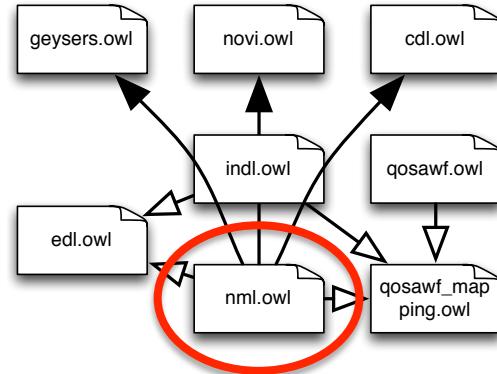
A key feature is the decoupling of virtualization, connectivity and functionalities.

# NODE COMPONENTS



# COMMIT/ INDL CONNECTING MODELS

NML



NML - Network Markup Language is a standard (since May 2013).

This has been developed by several people (not just UvA) within the OGF.

See: "[Network Markup Language Base Schema version 1](#)"

The Network Markup Language has two different normative syntaxes:

- regular XML defined using an XML Schema (XSD)
- OWL RDF/XML syntax, defined in an OWL schema. The OWL syntax is aimed at Semantic Web-oriented applications, the XML syntax is suitable for any application.

# EXAMPLES

```
<nml:Node rdf:about="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:nodeA">
  <nml:name>Node_A</nml:name>
  <nml:locatedAt rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:redcity"/>
  <nml:hasOutboundPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:nodeA:port_X:out"/>
  <nml:hasOutboundPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:nodeA:port_Y:out"/>
  <nml:hasInboundPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:nodeA:port_X:in"/>
  <nml:hasInboundPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:nodeA:port_Y:in"/>
</nml:Node>

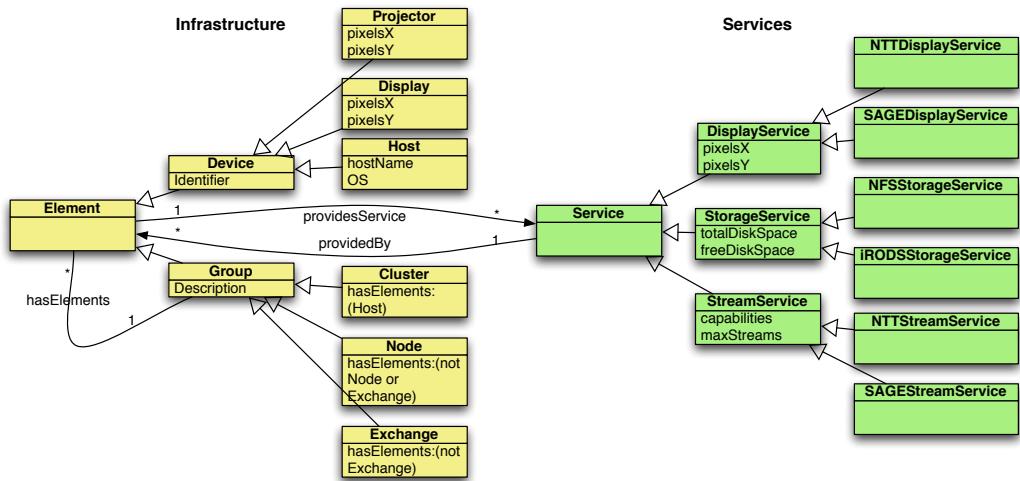
<nml:BidirectionalPort rdf:about="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:port_X.1501">
  <nml:name>X.1501</nml:name>
  <nml:hasPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:port_X.1501:out"/>
  <nml:hasPort rdf:resource="urn:ogf:network:example.net:2013:port_X.1501:in"/>
</nml:BidirectionalPort>
```

# COMMIT/ INDL CONNECTING MODELS

## CDL AND EDL

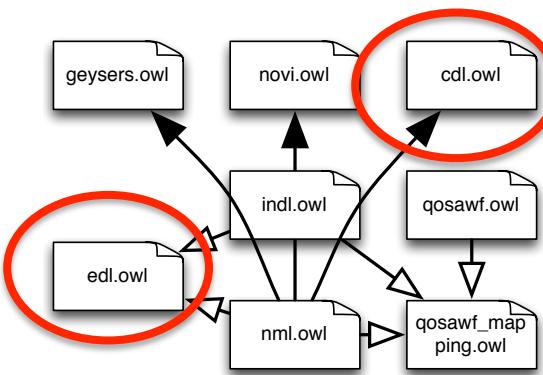
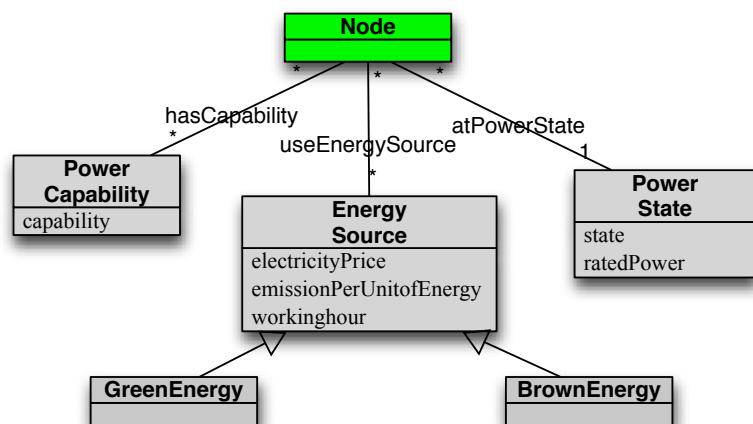
The CineGrid Description Language.

*Which services are available to the CineGrid users? How do make infrastructure resources and services match?*



The Energy Description Language

*How do we model the power consumption consumption of devices? How do we use this information to make prediction and estimation to increase energy efficiency?*



# NML IN USE FOR AUTOMATED GOLE/NSI

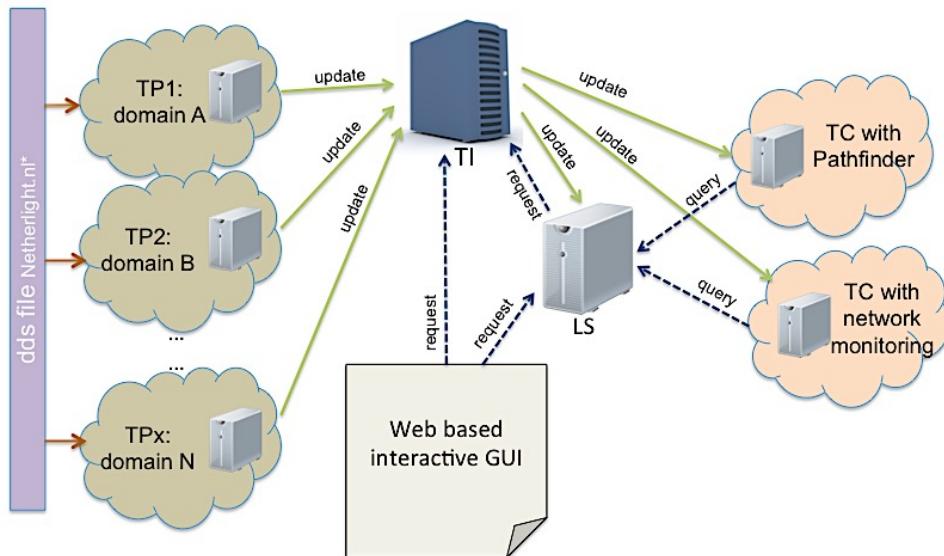
To create a functional description of multi-layer and multi-domain networks.  
It can be used for aggregated or abstracted topologies.



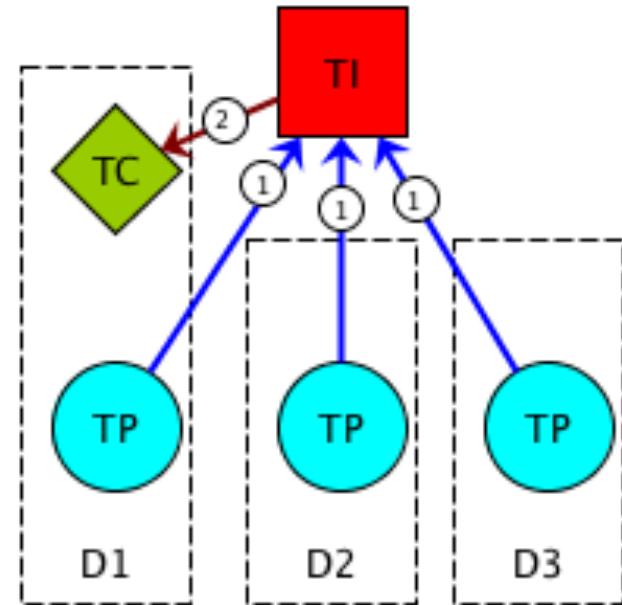
# COMMIT/ INDL (NML) IN USE

# TOPOLOGY EXCHANGES

## Architecture implementation (SC14)



\*<https://agg.netherlight.net/dds/>

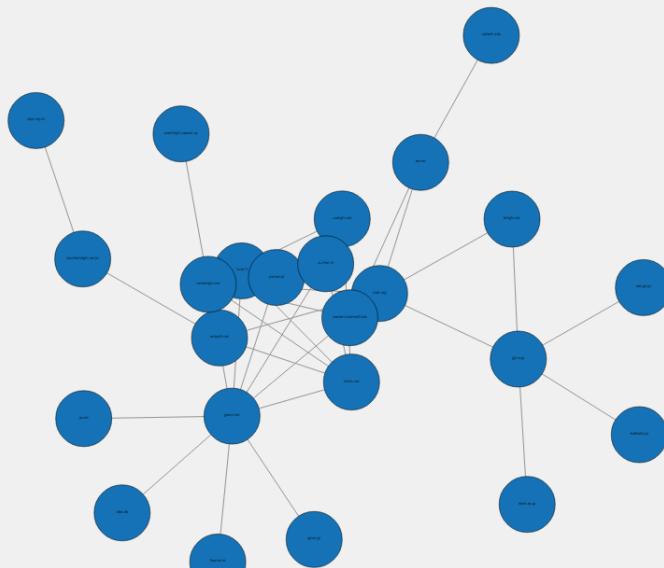


- **Topology Index** — Stores the location of the served topologies
- **Topology Provider** — Serves the topology files
- **Topology Consumer** — Processes the topology information

# COMMIT/ INDL (NML) IN USE

## TOPOEX DEMO

Network Graph (Wed, 19 Nov 2014 22:51:34 GMT)



Topology Overview Pathfinder Network graph Architecture details



### Topology Index

Index URL	http://145.100.132.178:5000	Domains registered	24
Number of subscribers	3	Updates received	6925

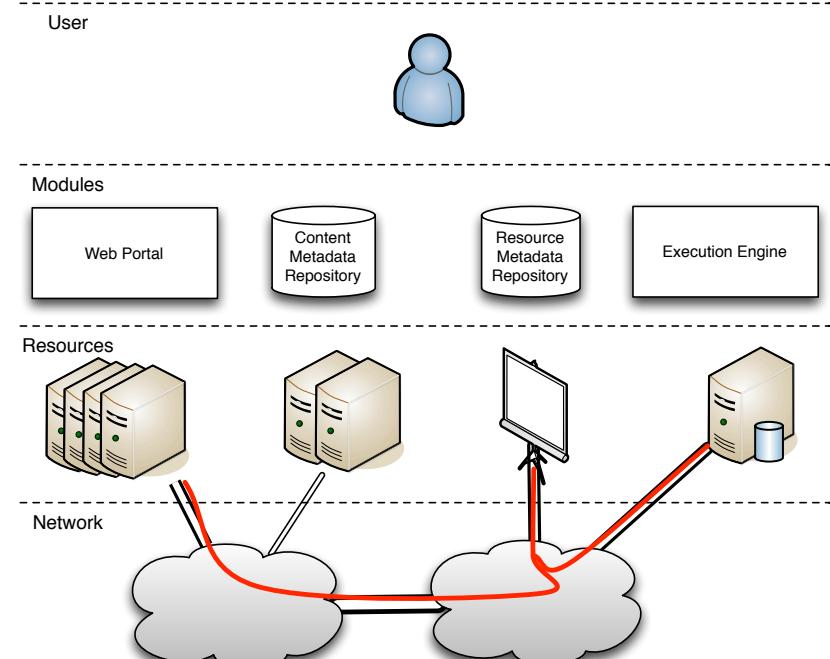
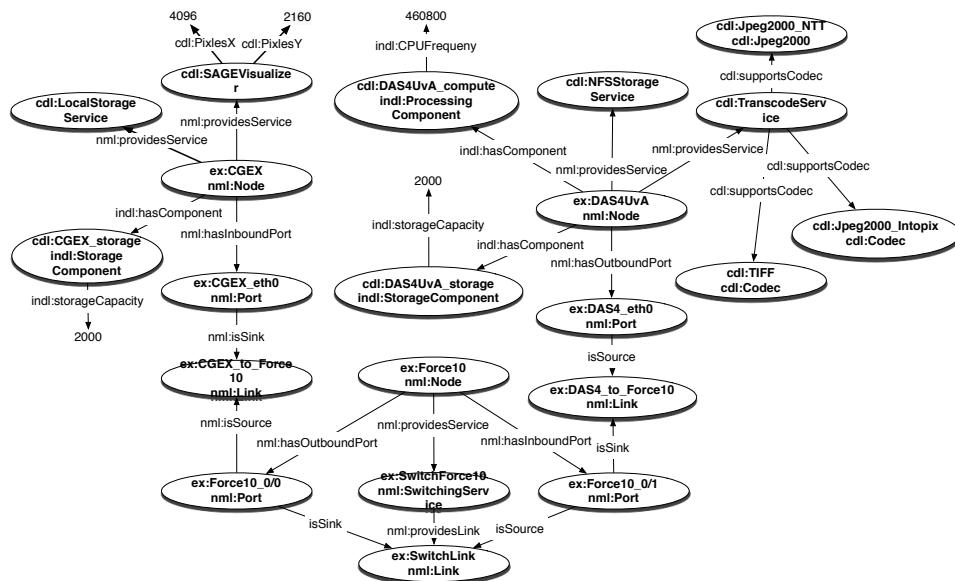
### Lookup service

Lookup Service URL	http://145.100.132.178:5010	Number of STPs	260	Update Interval	180
--------------------	-----------------------------	----------------	-----	-----------------	-----

### Topology providers

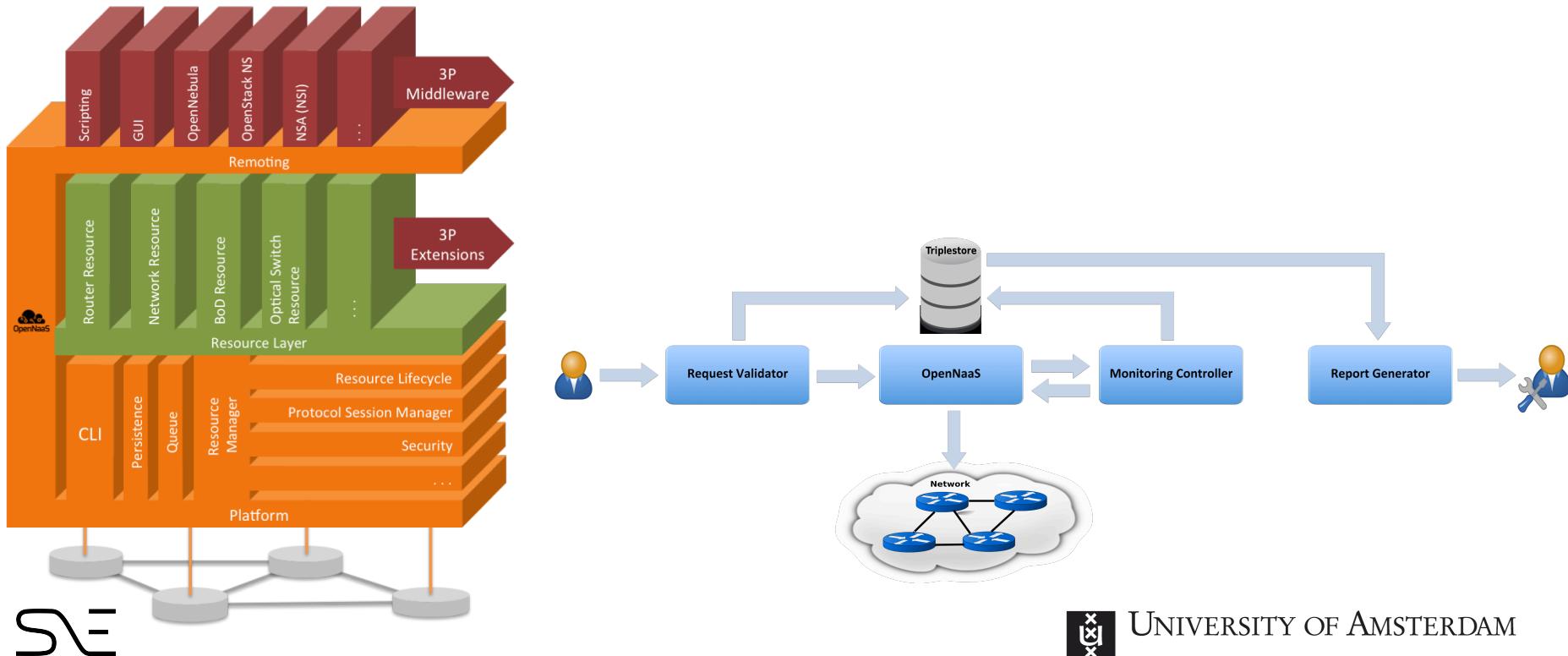
Topology provider name	Topology provider url	Domain representing	Current version of NML	Topology changes
tp_5102	http://145.100.132.178:5102	geant.net	2014-11-19T21:44:28.976Z	459
tp_5103	http://145.100.132.178:5103	pionier.pl	2014-11-19T21:44:28.025Z	459
tp_5101	http://145.100.132.178:5101	surfnet.nl	2014-11-12T15:49:38+01:00	1
tp_5106	http://145.100.132.178:5106	aist.go.jp	2014-09-10T12:49:00Z	1
tp_5107	http://145.100.132.178:5107	sinet.ac.jp	2013-07-26T10:42:44Z	1
tp_5104	http://145.100.132.178:5104	czechlight.cesnet.cz	2014-09-02T19:56:02Z	1

# VAMPIRES AND OPEN CLOUD EXCHANGES



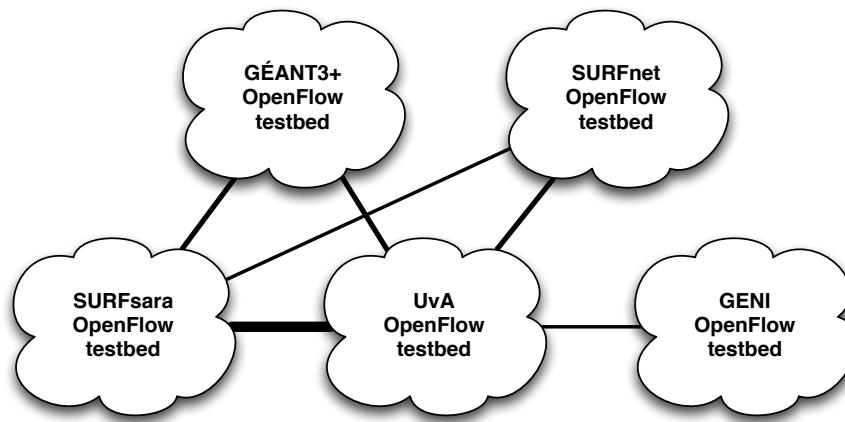
# GN3PLUS: OPENNAAS

We are working at the integration of the ontologies in the OpenNaaS system.



# GN3PLUS: MOTE

MOTE researches multi-domain topology descriptions supporting network provisioning for SDN technologies.



Challenge is to bridge:

- intra-domain operations of OpenFlow
- inter-domain provisioning in the Network Service Interface (NSI) Framework.

# THE GREEN NETWORK SERVICE

**OpenNaas**

User: admin Logout S&E System and Network Engineering

Home Route Table Insert new Route Settings

Switch Information:

- DPID:
- Controller IP:
- Controller Port:
- Power Consumption:

Flow table:

Green Routing Path Selection

Legend

© opennaas.org

# WHAT NEXT?

For the community:

- Effort should go to consolidate and standardize.
- The advantages of a common language.

For us INDL ontologies are the models we use to support our research.

The ‘I want’ infrastructure:

- An energy efficient computation and data transport
- A seamless multi-domain programmable network path
- Access to multi-provider cloud exchanges.