

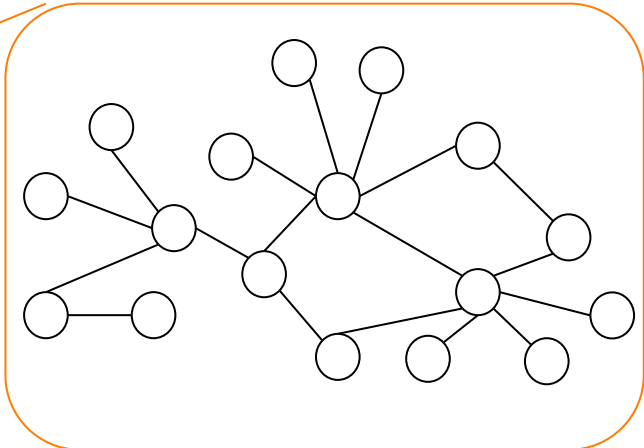
# Towards the Future Internet

*Dr. Paola Grosso*

*System and Network Engineering research group  
Informatics Institute*

- Vertices and edges

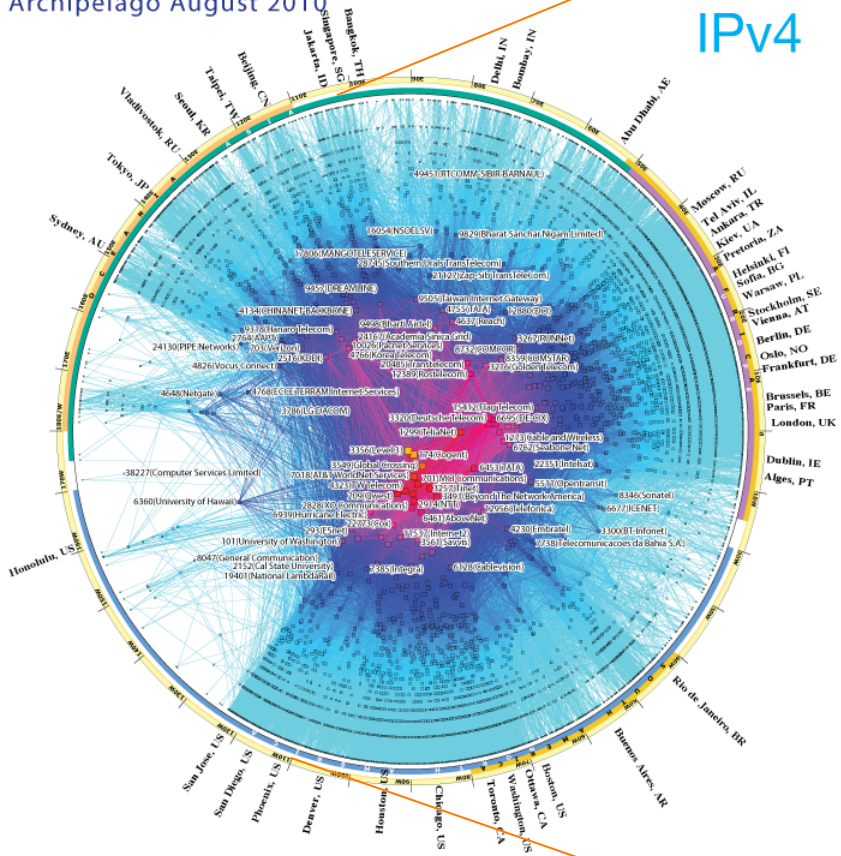
*Path finding algorithms*



# CAIDA's IPv4 & IPv6 AS Core AS-level INTERNET GRAPH

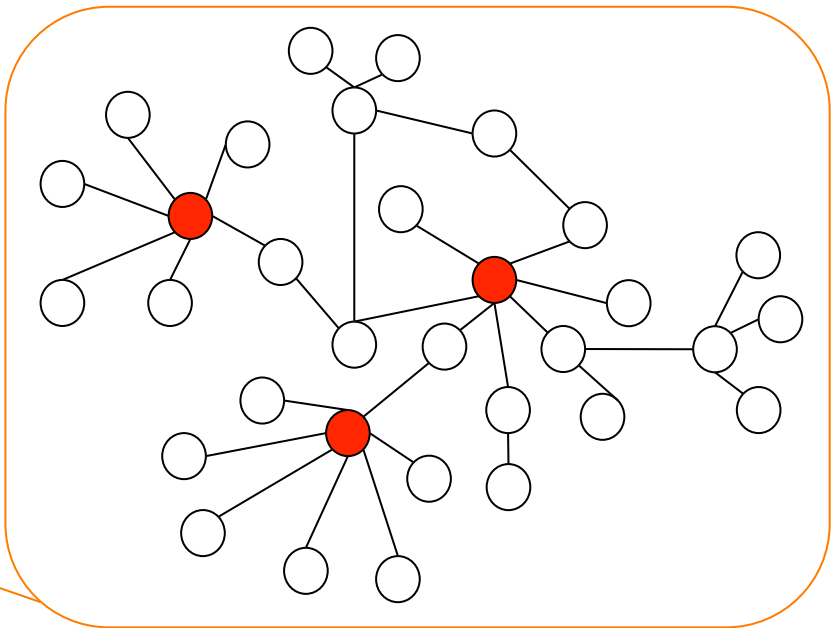
Archipelago August 2010

IPv4



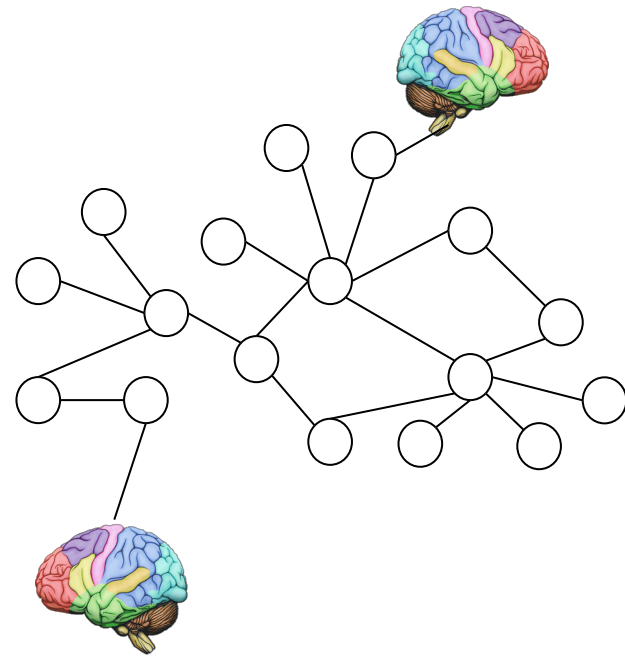
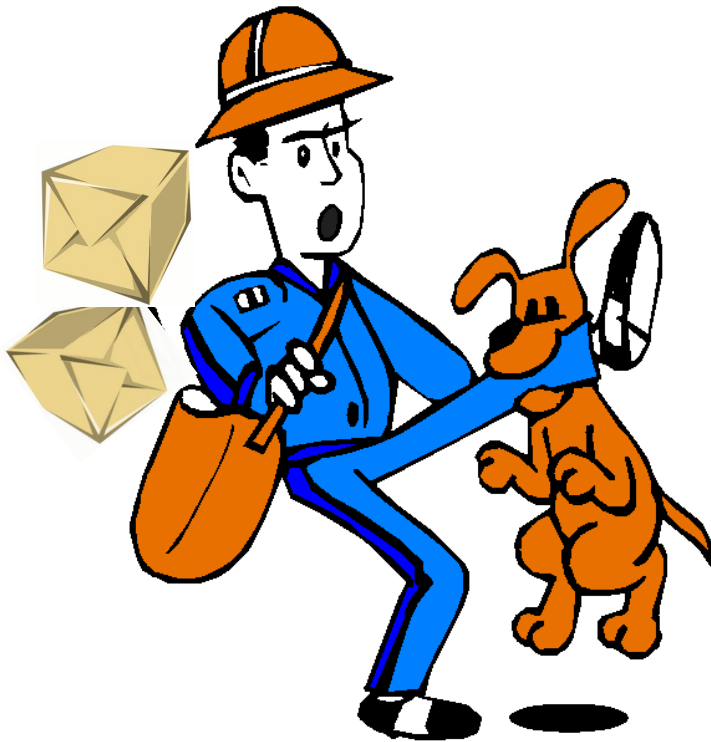
- Scale-free properties

*Models*



# Two features of the current Internet

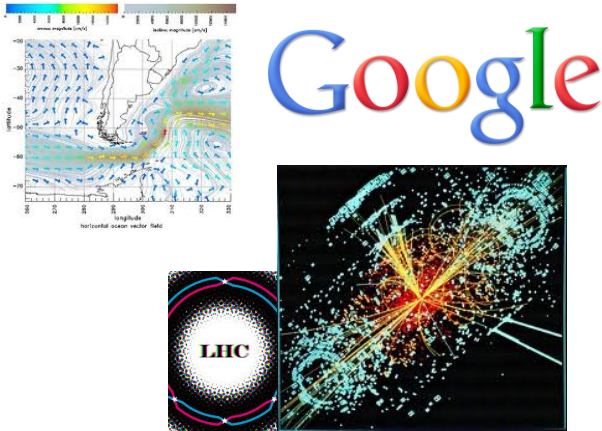
- Best effort delivery
- End to end principle.



H. Saltzer, D. P. Reed, and D. D. Clark.  
*End-to-end arguments in system design.*  
In: ACM Trans. Comput. Syst. 2, 4 (Nov. 1984)

# Many demands....

... more data!



... more realtime!

LinkedIn

Hyves

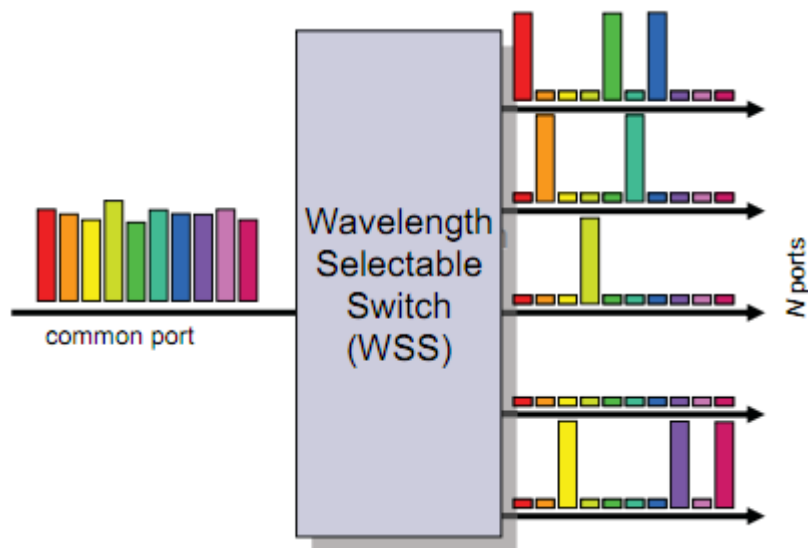
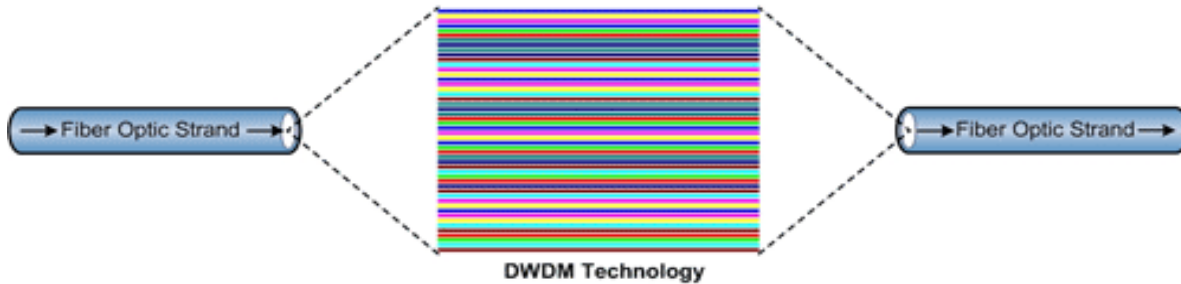
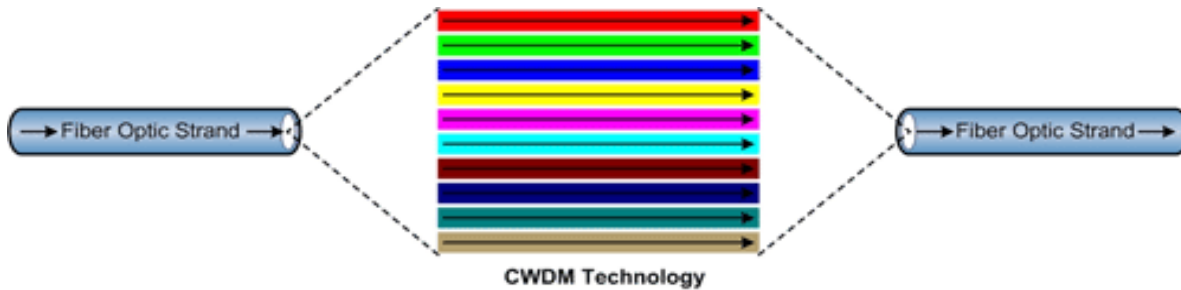


... more users!



# Optical transmission

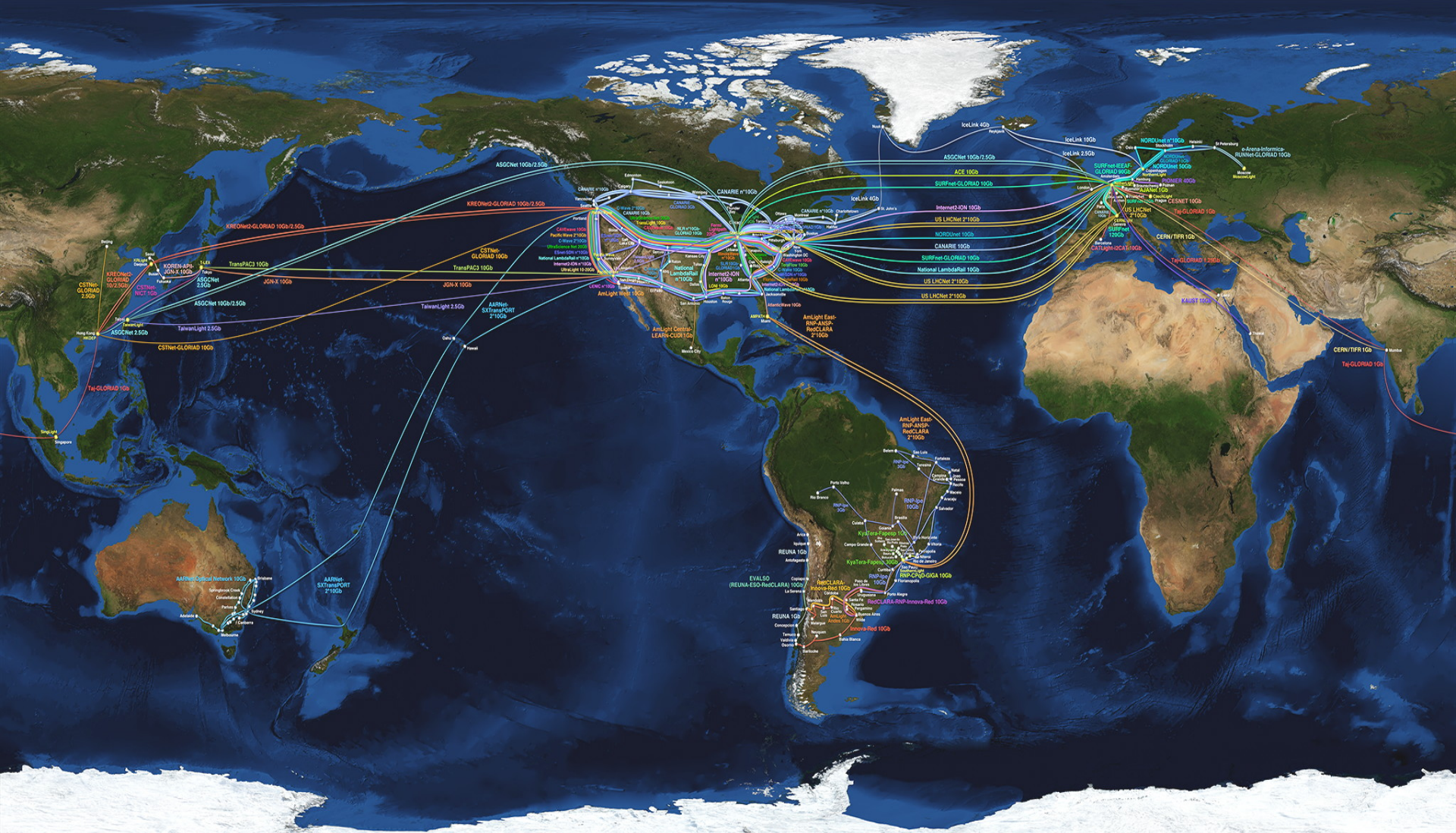
... more possibilities



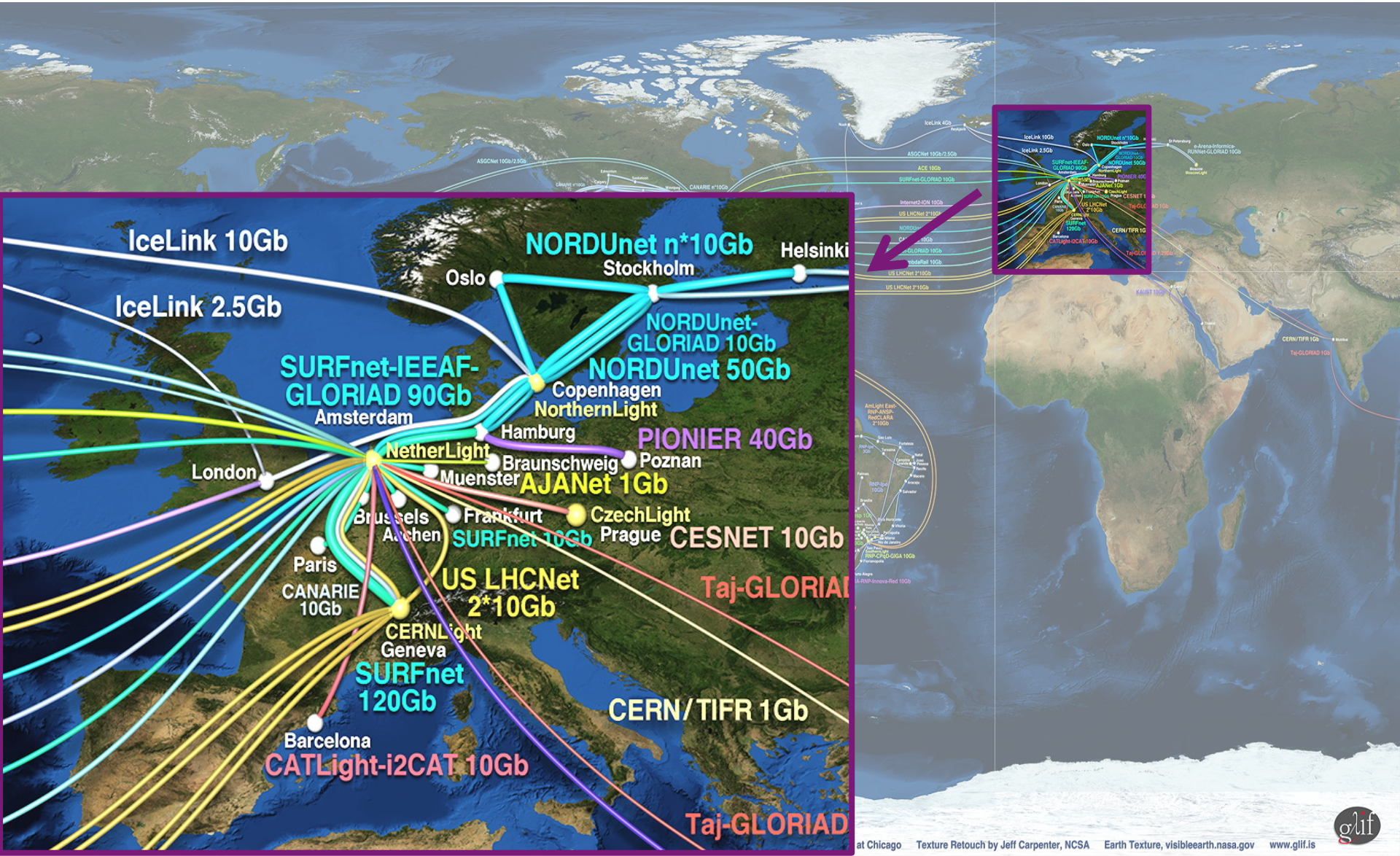
# Virtualization



# The GLIF – lightpaths around the world



# The GLIF – lightpaths around the world

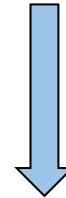
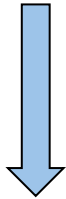


# Our research : a new model for the internet

*What we have now*

Best effort delivery

End to end principle



*What we want*

- **Deterministic** behavior
- Flexible and dynamic communication

- More intelligence **in** the network
- **Solve the computing problem** (including storage and CPU) not just the communication problem

*How?*

***Hybrid networks***

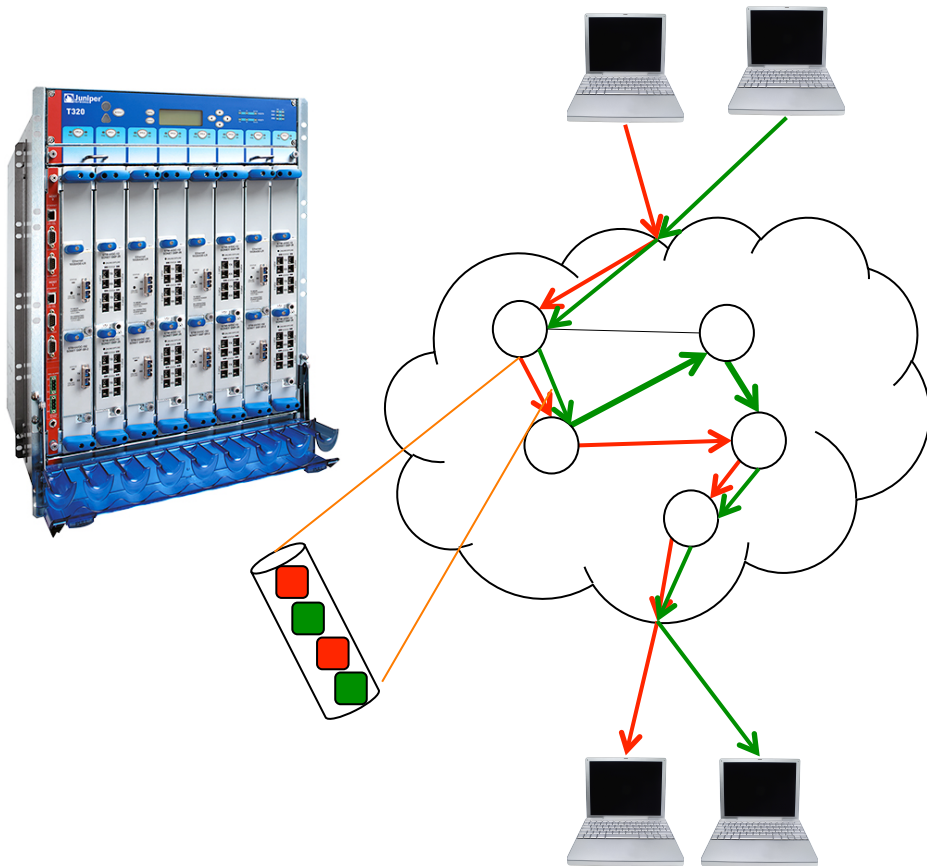
***Smart infrastructures***

***Information models***

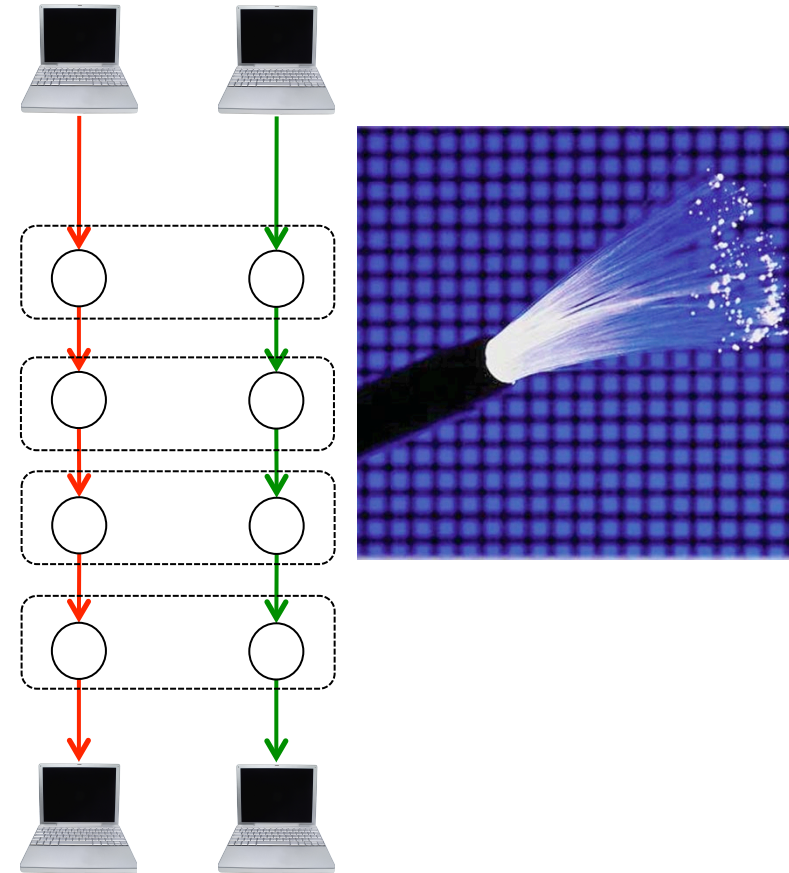


# Hybrid networks – allow both packet and circuit switching

## Packet switching



## Circuit switching

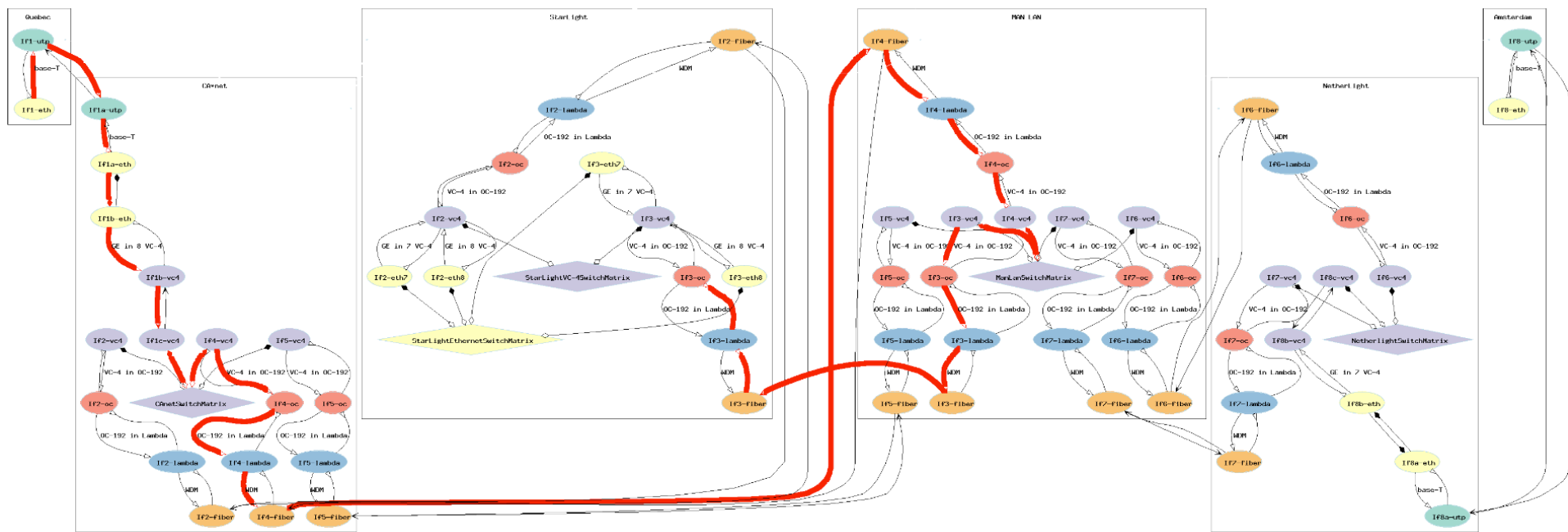


A good analogy is traffic on highways;  
With circuits, you can achieve high bandwidth and guaranteed response times for applications that need it

# Path finding in multi-layer multi-domain networks

Finding paths/circuits poses new challenges and needs research:

- Heterogeneous hardware (*multi-layer*)
  - **Technology agnostic** algorithm
- Different control planes (*multi-domain*)
  - Deal with different level of **abstraction** and information **filtering**
- Fully allocated is a new challenge for the algorithm!
  - Strike a balance between **efficiency** and **stability** (*dynamic reroute circuits*)



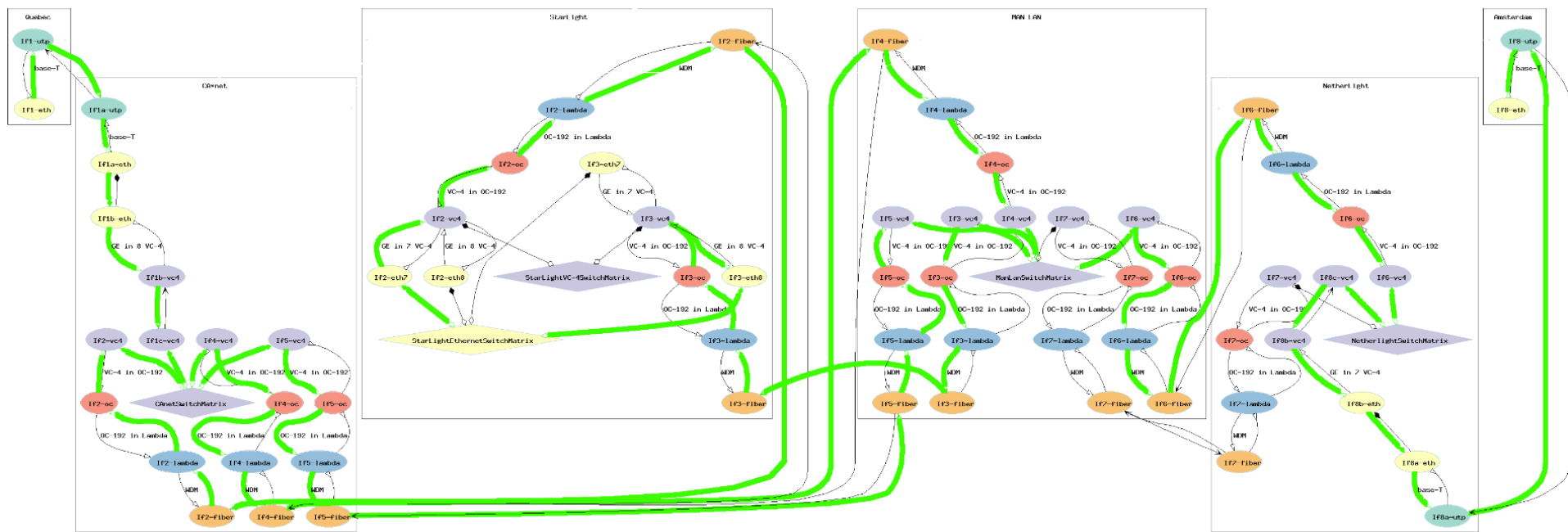
F. Dijkstra, J. van der Ham, P. Grosso and C. de Laat.  
*A path finding implementation for multi-layer networks*, In: Future Generation Computer Systems, Vol.25, Issue 2, Feb. 2009, pp.142-146

A. Taal, P. Grosso, J. van der Ham and C. de Laat  
*Path finding strategies for multi-domain multi-layer network architectures*  
In: Proceedings of the Cracow Grid workshop 2010

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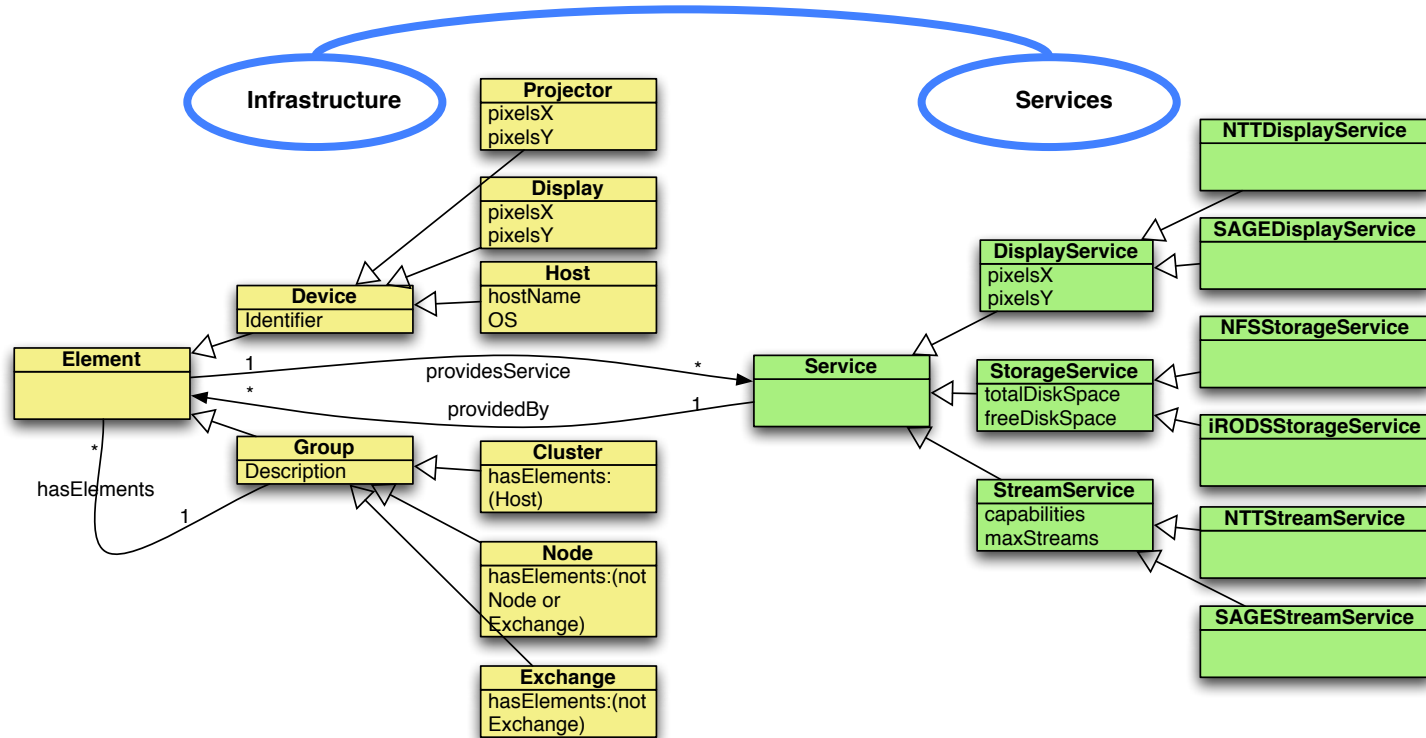


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# Information Modeling

Define a common information model for **infrastructures** and **services**.  
Base it on Semantic Web.

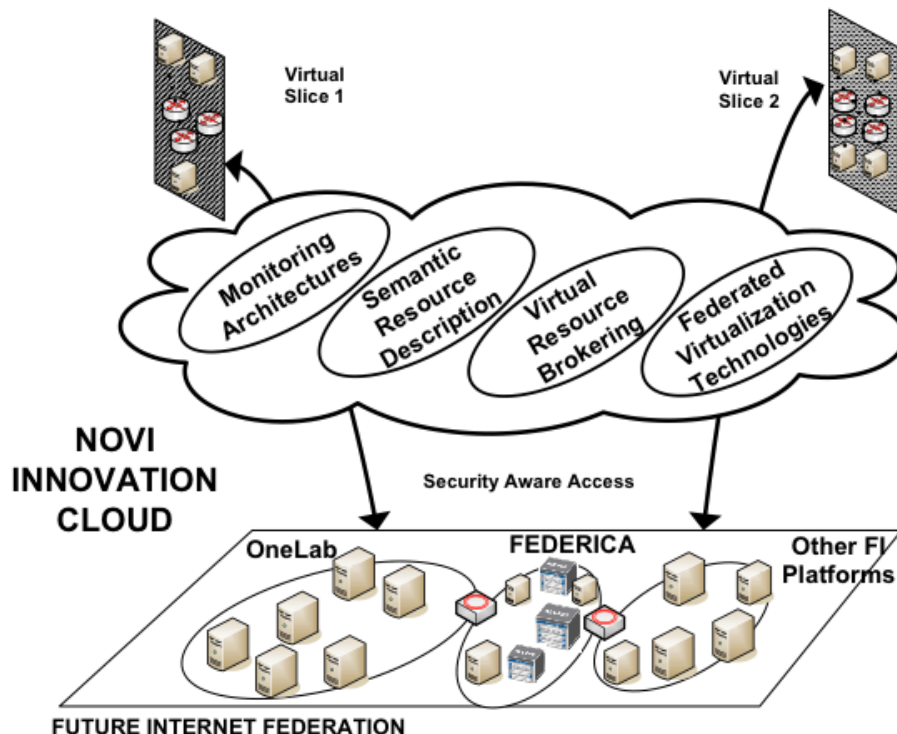


# NOVI

## Networking Innovations Over Virtualized Infrastructures

You can gain more by take all pieces of the puzzle into account.

1. describe **all** computing resources  
(networks, computing and storage facilities)
2. *optimize the computing problem*, instead of only its network aspect



J. van der Ham, C. Papagianni, J. Steger, P. Matray, Y. Kryptis, P. Grosso and L. Lymberopoulos  
*Challenges of an Information Model for Federating Virtualized Infrastructures*  
In: 5th International DMTF Academic Alliance Workshop on Systems and Virtualization Management: Standards and the Cloud, Paris 24 Oct. 2011

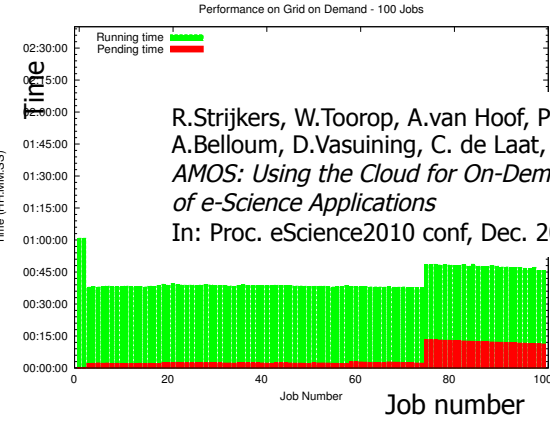
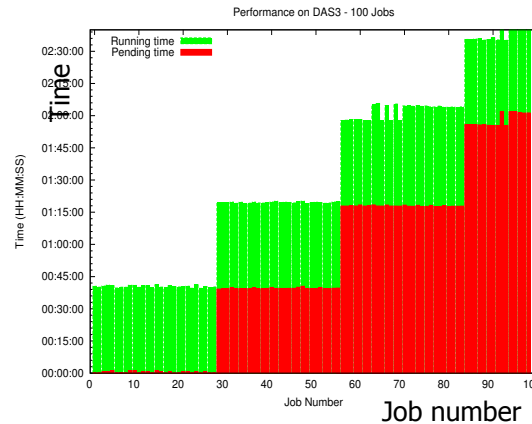
L. Lymberopoulos, P. Grosso, D. Kalogeras, C. Papagianni, C. de Laat, and V. Maglaris  
*Ontology-based Policy Based Management for Federated Virtualised Platforms*  
Third IFIP/IEEE International Workshop on Management of the Future Internet - May 2011

# Demonstration of *optimizing the computing problem* ("Clouds")

If computing is 'infinite' and movable, then workflows and applications can **program** the network.

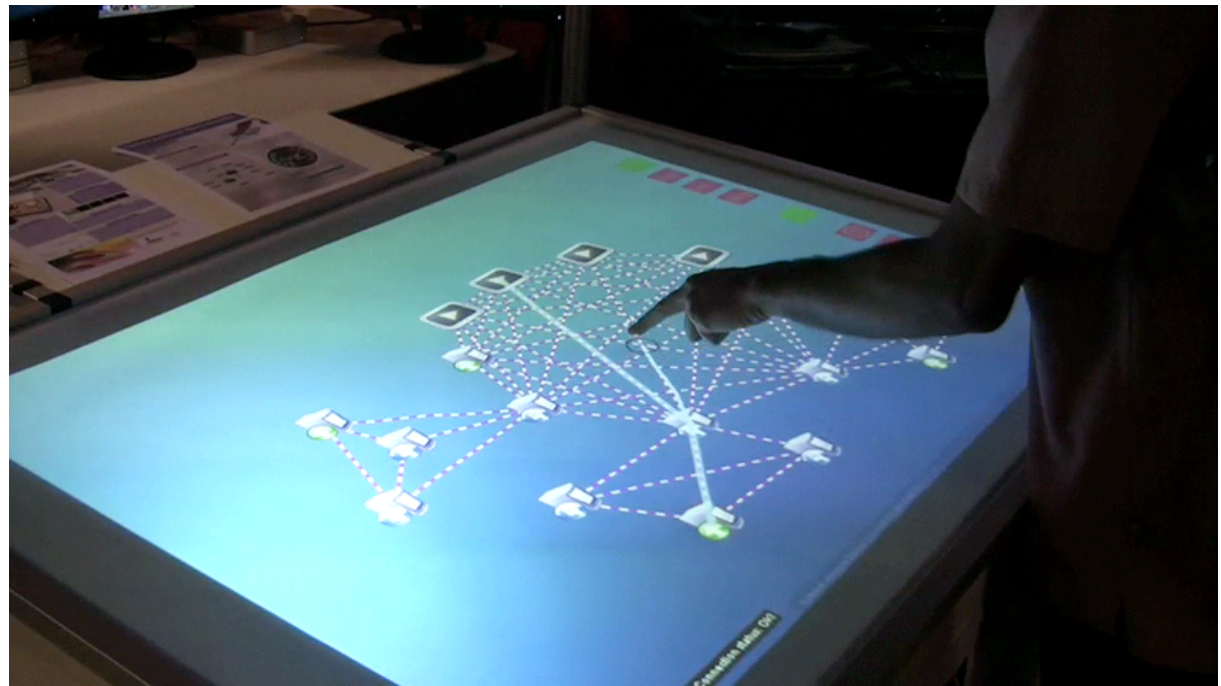
You can also introduce new metrics when creating and optimizing these infrastructures (e.g power consumption)

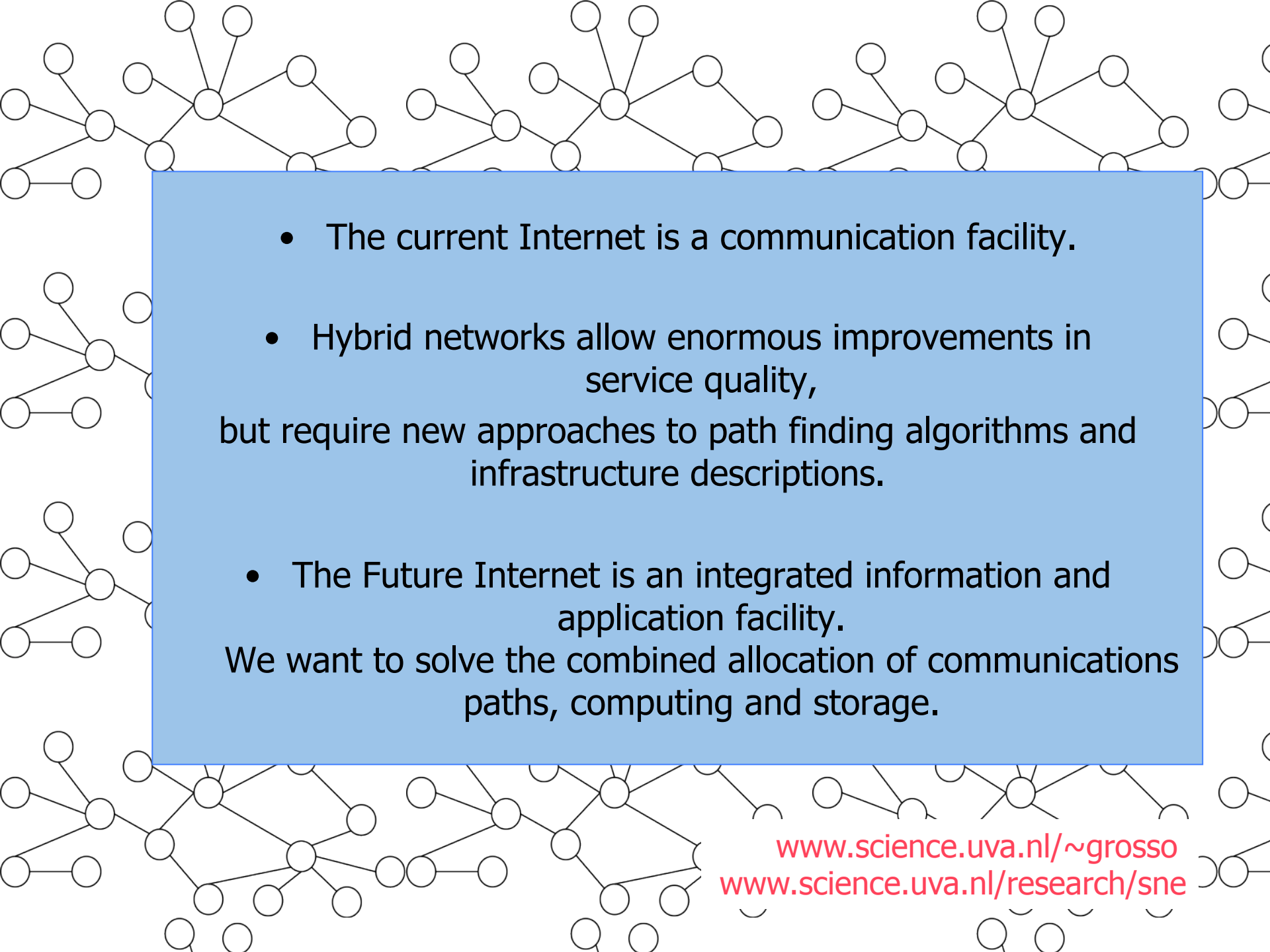
## Grid-on-demand



R.Strijkers, W.Toorop, A.van Hoof, P .Grosso, A.Belloum, D.Vasuining, C. de Laat, R. Meijer  
*AMOS: Using the Cloud for On-Demand Execution of e-Science Applications*  
In: Proc. eScience2010 conf, Dec. 2010

## User programmable networks



- 
- The background of the slide is a repeating pattern of a network diagram. It consists of small white circles representing nodes, connected by thin black lines representing edges. The nodes are arranged in a somewhat regular grid, with each node connected to its immediate neighbors, forming a mesh-like structure. The overall appearance is that of a complex, interconnected network.
- The current Internet is a communication facility.
  - Hybrid networks allow enormous improvements in service quality,  
but require new approaches to path finding algorithms and infrastructure descriptions.
  - The Future Internet is an integrated information and application facility.  
We want to solve the combined allocation of communications paths, computing and storage.