

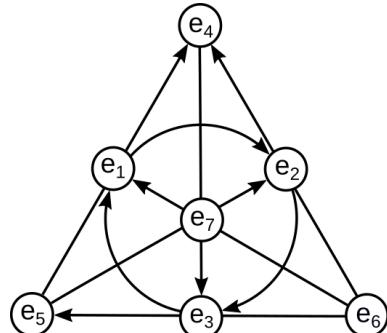
# The Algebra of Geometry

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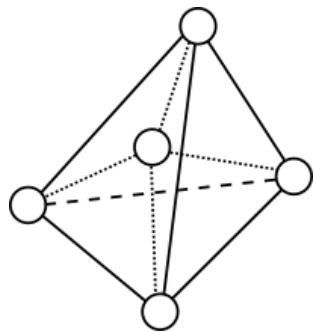
## Simplices and Geometric algebra

Pascal's Triangle

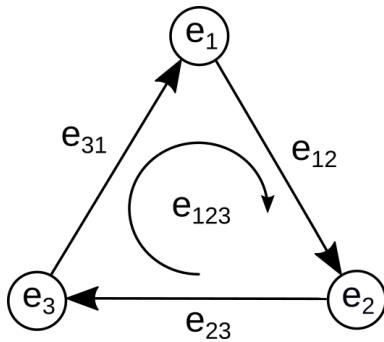
| N | V | E  | F  | T  | ... |   |   |
|---|---|----|----|----|-----|---|---|
| 1 |   |    |    |    |     |   |   |
| 1 | 1 |    |    |    |     |   |   |
| 1 | 2 | 1  |    |    |     |   |   |
| 1 | 3 | 3  | 1  |    |     |   |   |
| 1 | 4 | 6  | 4  | 1  |     |   |   |
| 1 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 5  | 1   |   |   |
| 1 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 6   | 1 |   |
| 1 | 7 | 21 | 35 | 35 | 21  | 7 | 1 |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮   | ⋮ | ⋮ |



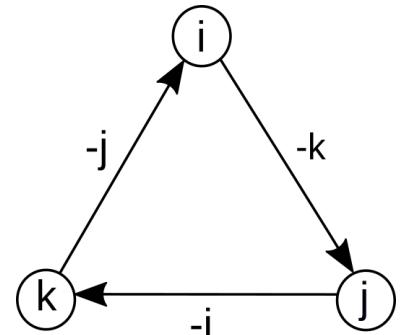
Fano Plane Diagram



(a) 4-simplex



(b) 2-simplex to GA(3)



(c) Quaternions

## Pfaffian connection to simplices

$$\mathbf{a}_1 \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{a}_3 \dots \mathbf{a}_n = \sum_{i=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} \sum_{\mu \in \mathcal{C}_{2i}^n} (-1)^k \langle \mathbf{a}_{\mu_1} \cdot \mathbf{a}_{\mu_2}, \dots, \mathbf{a}_{\mu_{2i-1}} \cdot \mathbf{a}_{\mu_{2i}} | \mathbf{a}_{\mu_{2i+1}} \wedge \dots \wedge \mathbf{a}_{\mu_n}$$

## Pfaffian derivations in geometric algebra

Pfaffian expansion  $\mathbf{abc} = \mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c})e_{123} - \mathbf{a} \times (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}) + \mathbf{a}(\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c})$

Derivation

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \mathbf{ab} &= \nabla(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a} \wedge \mathbf{b}) \\ &= \nabla(|\mathbf{a}||\mathbf{b}|(\cos(\phi) + I_{\mathbf{ab}} \sin(\phi))) \\ &= \nabla(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}) - \nabla \times (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}) + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b})e_{123} \end{aligned}$$

## Maxwell's 8 equations

$$\nabla_0(e_0 \mathbf{E} - e_{321} \mathbf{B}) = q + e_{0123} \mu$$

where  $\mu$  is the monopole 4-current,  $e_0 \mathbf{E} = |\mathbf{E}|(\cosh(\varphi) + e_0 \frac{\mathbf{E}}{|\mathbf{E}|} \sinh(\varphi))$  and  $e_0^2 = -1$ ,  $e_0 e_i = -e_i e_0$