

6th Homework sheet Proof Theory

- Deadline: 12 December.
- Submit your solutions by handing them to the lecturer at the *beginning of the lecture*.
- Good luck!

- (a) (*40 points*) Show that there is a closed term **lt** of type $0 \rightarrow (0 \rightarrow 0)$ such that

$$\mathbf{HA}^\omega \vdash \forall x^0, y^0 (\mathbf{lt} \ x \ y = 0 \leftrightarrow \exists n^0 \mathbf{plus} \ x \ S n = y)$$

Instead of $\mathbf{lt} \ x \ y = 0$ we will write $x < y$ and we will write $x \leq y$ as abbreviation for $x = y \vee x < y$.

- (b) (*30 points*) Consider the following statement:

$$(\clubsuit) \quad \forall f^{0 \rightarrow 0} \exists x_1^0, x_2^0, x_3^0 (x_1 < x_2 < x_3 \wedge f(x_1) \leq f(x_2) \leq f(x_3)).$$

Give a classical proof, and argue as follows. Let f be an arbitrary object of type $0 \rightarrow 0$. From the Law of Excluded Middle and the De Morgan laws we get:

$$(\exists x^0 \forall y^0 f(y) \leq x) \vee (\forall x^0 \exists y^0 x < f(y)).$$

Then show (\clubsuit) in both cases.

- (c) (*30 points*) Show that (\clubsuit) is also provable constructively. How does your constructive argument find suitable x_1, x_2, x_3 from f ?