

Hints for Exercises

Chapter 7

163. Show that \mathbf{L} is absolute w.r.t. every transitive collection that contains all ordinals and satisfies sufficiently many ZF axioms.

Hint.

Let Σ be the ZF-axioms needed to prove that $\forall \alpha \in \text{OR} \exists y \mathcal{L}(\alpha, y)$ where $\mathcal{L}(\alpha, y)$ is a Σ_1 -formula that, relative to ZF, amounts to $y = L_\alpha$. Show that if K is transitive, $\text{OR} \subset K$, and K satisfies Σ , then for all α , $L_\alpha^K = L_\alpha$.

166. Define $A^{<\omega} = \{f \mid f \text{ is a finite function s.t. } \text{Dom}(f) \subset \omega \wedge \text{Ran}(f) \subset A\}$. Show that the formula $X = A^{<\omega}$ is Σ_1^{ZF} .

Hint.

Note that $A^{<\omega}$ is the smallest collection of functions such that $\emptyset \in A^{<\omega}$ and if $g \in A^{<\omega}$ then g extended with 1 entry is $\in A^{<\omega}$. You need the existential quantifier to introduce ω .

174. Show: (if $A \neq \emptyset$, then) $\text{Def}(A)$ contains all finite subsets of A .

Hint.

Define formulas* ϕ_n inductively such that $D(A, \dot{\cap} \phi_n, f) = \{f(\ulcorner 1 \urcorner), \dots, f(\ulcorner n \urcorner)\}$.

178. Suppose that $(A, <)$ is a wellordering and $f : A \rightarrow B$ a surjection. Define the relation \prec on B by $x \prec y \equiv$ the $<$ -first element of $f^{-1}(x)$ is $<$ -smaller than the $<$ -first element of $f^{-1}(y)$. Then \prec wellorders B .

Hint.

Embed (B, \prec) into $(A, <)$.

186. Show that the formula $x =_1 y$ (which is Σ_1^{ZF}) is not Π_1^{ZF} (unless ZF is inconsistent).

Hint.

As before (Exercise 140), but now you can explicitly construct the countermodel.

197.

1. Assume that a set A exists such that (A, \in) is a model of all ZF-axioms (considered as a certain subset of FORM). Show:
 - (a) There is such a set A that is transitive.
 - (b) There is such a set A that has the form L_α , where $\alpha < \omega_1$.
2. Assume that α is the least ordinal such that (L_α, \in) is a ZF-model. Show that if A is a transitive set such that (A, \in) is a ZF-model, then $\alpha \subset A$, and (hence) $L_\alpha \subset A$.

Hint.

1. Use Downward Löwenstein-Skolem-Tarski Theorem, Mostowski's Collapsing Lemma (see Exercise 67, and note that \in is well-founded on (A, \in)) and the Condensation Lemma (Corollary 7.32) to find L_α .
2. Show that $L^A = L_\beta$ for some $\beta \geq \alpha$.